

Various Programming Hints

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1 Qt qmake And Subversion svnversion

Incorporate a global Subversion¹ revision number as build/revision version in a Qt² project.

Subversion has the ability to substitute keywords³ e.g. the keyword 'Revision' in a file will be expanded to the last known revision in which the file changed. If you want some GlobalRev as build/revision number in your project some extra work has to be done using the Subversion tool `svnversion`⁴.

The following describes four different solutions for a Qt qmake based project checked into a Subversion repository. The first three solutions are based on a generated header 'revision.h' included from the main file 'example.cpp'. The fourth is based on a define directive at compile time.

1.1 Include file approaches

All three solutions are based on the same simple example files. A simple include file `version.h` (with a given define for the version string):

```
1  #ifndef version_h
2  #define version_h
3  #define VERSION "1.2.3"
4  #endif
```

A C++ file `example.cpp` with the main entry point printing the string 'version: <version>-build-<revision>' to stdout:

```
1  #include "version.h"
2  #include "revision.h"
3  #include <stdio.h>
4
```

¹<http://subversion.apache.org>

²<http://qt.nokia.com>

³<http://svnbook.red-bean.com/en/1.7/svn.advanced.props.special.keywords.html>

⁴<http://svnbook.red-bean.com/en/1.7/svn.ref.svnversion.re.html>

```

5  int main(int argc, char* argv []) {
6      printf("version: %s-build-%s\n", VERSION, REVISION);
7      return 0;
8  }

```

1.1.1 Simple solution (update on every build)

The qmake project file example1.pro creates an up to date revision.h file with svnversion generated revision string on every build:

```

1  PRE_TARGETDEPS += $$OUT_PWD/revision.h
2
3  HEADERS = version.h
4  SOURCES = example.cpp
5  TARGET = example
6
7  QMAKE_EXTRA_TARGETS += revtarget
8  revtarget.target = $$OUT_PWD/revision.h
9  revtarget.commands = @echo \"updating file $$revtarget.target\"; \
10     echo -e \"/* generated file (do not edit) */\n\" \
11     \"$$LITERAL_HASH ifndef revision_h\n\" \
12     \"$$LITERAL_HASH define revision_h 1\n\" \
13     \"$$LITERAL_HASH define REVISION '\\\\'svnversion -n $$PWD'\\\\'\n\" \
14     \"$$LITERAL_HASH endif\" > $$revtarget.target
15  revtarget.depends = FORCE
16  QMAKE_DISTCLEAN += $$revtarget.target

```

Example of a generated revision.h file:

```

1  /* generated file (do not edit) */
2  # ifndef revision_h
3  # define revision_h 1
4  # define REVISION "828"
5  # endif

```

Example output:

```
version: 1.2.3-build-828
```

for a subversion working directory up to revision r828, or

```
1.2.3-build-828M
```

with local modifications.

The downside of this solution is the every time rebuild of the executable because of the generated file 'revision.h'.

1.1.2 Better solution (update only in case a relevant file changed)

The main thing changed is line 15, the dependency is changed from *FORCE* to *\$\$SOURCES \$\$HEADERS \$\$FORMS \$\$PWD/example2.pro* (mind the *\$\$PWD* changes which are needed for an out of tree build). Now a new revision.h is generated each time one of the relevant source/header/forms/project file is changed, see example2.pro:

```
1  PRE_TARGETDEPS += $$OUT_PWD/revision.h
2
3  HEADERS = $$PWD/version.h
4  SOURCES = $$PWD/example.cpp
5  TARGET = example
6
7  QMAKE_EXTRA_TARGETS += revtarget
8  revtarget.target = $$OUT_PWD/revision.h
9  revtarget.commands = @echo \"updating file $$revtarget.target\"; \
10     echo -e \"/* generated file (do not edit) */\\n\" \
11         \"$$LITERAL_HASH ifndef revision_h\\n\" \
12         \"$$LITERAL_HASH define revision_h 1\\n\" \
13         \"$$LITERAL_HASH define REVISION \\\"'svnversion -n $$PWD'\\\"\\n\" \
14         \"$$LITERAL_HASH endif\" > $$revtarget.target
15  revtarget.depends = $$SOURCES $$HEADERS $$FORMS $$PWD/example2.pro
16  QMAKE_DISTCLEAN += $$revtarget.target
```

1.1.3 Perfect solution (update every time the svn status changes)

The qmake project file example3.pro:

```
1  PRE_TARGETDEPS += $$OUT_PWD/revision.h
2
3  HEADERS = version.h
4  SOURCES = example.cpp
5  TARGET = example
6
7  LITERAL_DOLLAR = $
8  QMAKE_EXTRA_TARGETS += revtarget
9  revtarget.target = $$OUT_PWD/revision.h
10 revtarget.commands = @SVNVERSION=\\\"'svnversion -n $$PWD'\\\"; \
11     SVNFILEVERSION='if [ -e $$revtarget.target ]; then \
12         grep REVISION $$revtarget.target | \
13         awk '\\{ print $$LITERAL_DOLLAR}$$LITERAL_DOLLAR}4 }\\' ; \
14     else echo unknown; fi;' ; \
15     if [ $$LITERAL_DOLLAR}$$LITERAL_DOLLAR}SVNVERSION == \
16         $$LITERAL_DOLLAR}$$LITERAL_DOLLAR}SVNFILEVERSION ]; \
```

```

17     then \
18         echo "\"svn status not changed - keep file $$revtarget.target\""; \
19     else \
20         echo "\"svn status changed - updating file $$revtarget.target\""; \
21         echo -e \"/* generated file (do not edit) */\\n\" \
22             \"$$LITERAL_HASH ifndef revision_h\\n\" \
23             \"$$LITERAL_HASH define revision_h 1\\n\" \
24             \"$$LITERAL_HASH define REVISION '\\\\'svnversion -n $$PWD'\\\\'\" \
25             \"$$LITERAL_HASH endif\" > $$revtarget.target; \
26     fi
27     revtarget.depends = FORCE
28     QMAKE_DISTCLEAN += $$revtarget.target

```

This is the only solution which forces a recompile in case of a svn status update without file update (e.g. 'svn update' or 'svn commit').

1.2 Define directive approach

This one uses a slightly different file example.cpp (version.h is recycled unchanged) with changes to print a given defined 'REVISION' string (or 'unknown' otherwise):

```

1  #include "version.h"
2  #include <stdio.h>
3
4  #ifndef REVISION
5  #define REVISION  "unknown"
6  #endif
7
8  int main(int argc, char* argv []) {
9      printf("version: %s-build-%s\\n", VERSION, REVISION);
10     return 0;
11 }

```

1.2.1 Simple define based solution

The define for 'REVISION' is set on compile time (see line 1) of the qmake project file example4.pro:

```

1  DEFINES += "REVISION=\\\\'svnversion -n $$PWD'\\\\'"
2
3  HEADERS = version.h
4  SOURCES = example.cpp
5  TARGET = example
6

```

This approach works only for very small projects (like the given example project) with only one source file. It will fail to update the revision string in case of a multi source file project if the main file does not depend on all other ones.